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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/705,921	11/13/2003	Hiroko Watanabe	056207.5291 <i>T</i> US	7306
23911	7590 03/23/2005		EXAMINER	
	& MORING LLP UAL PROPERTY GROUP		TRAN, BINH Q	
P.O. BOX 14			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGT	ON, DC 20044-4300		3748	

DATE MAILED: 03/23/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)	_				
	10/705,921	WATANABE ET AL.	E()				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
•	BINH Q. TRAN	3748					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeared for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1, after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repleted in the provision of the pro	.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tile ply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day I will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed ys will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.				
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ Thi	s action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allows closed in accordance with the practice under			s is				
Disposition of Claims							
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-13 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	` '					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		·					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureat* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. Its have been received in Applicatority documents have been received in CPCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	/ (PTO-413)					
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 11/13/2003. 	Paper No(s)/Mail D						
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DETAILED ACTION

Receipt and entry of Applicant's Preliminary Amendment dated November 13, 2003 is acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. More specifically,

- In claim 4, line 4, the use of alternative expression "or " renders the claims indefinite because the expressions on either side of the "or" are not considered equivalent and cause uncertainty with respect to the scope of the claims.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in-
- (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effect under this subsection of a national application published under section 122(b) only if the international application designating the United States was published under Article 21(2)(a) of such treaty in the English language; or

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(2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that a patent shall not be deemed filed in the United States for the purposes of this subsection based on the filing of an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a).

Claims 1-5, and 7-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102 (b) as being anticipated by Murachi et al. (Murachi) (Patent Number 5,746,989).

Regarding claims 1, and 11-12, Murachi discloses a exhaust gas purification apparatus for purifying exhaust gas exhausted from a diesel internal combustion engine (1) and containing therein harmful substances including particulates, NOx, HC and CO, at least, said exhaust gas purification apparatus comprising: a removal part (7) for trapping and removing particulates in the exhaust gas; a purification part (e.g. 5, 9, 10) for purifying NOx, HC and CO through contact; and a heat transfer part (5a) for transferring heat generated in said removal part to said purification part (e.g. See col. 3, lines 43-67; col. 4, lines 1-64; col. 7, lines 26-67; col. 8, lines 21).

Regarding claims 2 and 13, Murachi further discloses that the heat transfer part for transferring heat generated in said removal part is based on conduction, retention or radiation of the heat (e.g. See col. 4, lines 15-28; col. 7, lines 26-67).

Regarding claim 3, Murachi further discloses that the removal part for trapping and removing particulates in the exhaust gas employs a filter composed of porous material or metal material (e.g. See col. 3, lines 43-67; col. 4, lines 1-64).

Regarding claim 4, Murachi further discloses that the purification part for purifying NOx, HC, CO through contact is a three-way catalyst, firing combustion catalyst, lean NOx catalyst purifying NOx in lean exhaust gas, HC adsorption catalyst, or electric catalyst (e.g. See col. 3, lines 43-67; col. 4, lines 1-64).

Regarding claim 5, Murachi further discloses that the heat transfer part (5a) for transferring heat generated in said removal part conducts (heat transfer) through a good heat conductor (e.g. See col. 4, lines 15-28; col. 7, lines 26-67).

Regarding claim 7, Murachi further discloses that the heat transfer part for transferring heat generated in said removal part uses heat accumulating material (e.g. See col. 4, lines 15-28; col. 7, lines 26-67).

Regarding claim 8, Murachi further discloses that the removal part for trapping and removing particulates in the exhaust gas and said purification part for purifying NOx, HC and CO through contact are constructed as an integrated structure in which metal material is used as a substrate (e.g. See col. 3, lines 43-67; col. 4, lines 1-64).

Regarding claim 9, Murachi further discloses that the exhaust gas purification apparatus is arranged so that said purification part is arranged at an upstream side of said exhaust gas purification apparatus and said removal part is arranged at a downstream side thereof (e.g. See col. 3, lines 43-67; col. 4, lines 1-64).

Regarding claim 10, Murachi further discloses that wherein in order to transfer the heat generated in said removal part for removing particulates to said purification part at the upstream side, exhaust gas including combustion heat of particulates is transferred to said purification part at the upstream side (e.g. See col. 3, lines 43-67; col. 4, lines 1-64).

Claims 1-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102 (b) as being anticipated by Clerc et al. (Clerc) (Patent Number 5,052,178).

Regarding claims 1, and 11-12, Clerc discloses a exhaust gas purification apparatus for purifying exhaust gas exhausted from a diesel internal combustion engine (Figs. 1-2) and

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containing therein harmful substances including particulates, NOx, HC and CO, at least, said exhaust gas purification apparatus comprising: a removal part (14) for trapping and removing particulates in the exhaust gas; a purification part (16) for purifying NOx, HC and CO through contact; and a heat transfer part (18) for transferring heat generated in said removal part to said purification part (e.g. See col. 3, lines 40-67; col. 4, lines 1-48).

Regarding claims 2 and 13, Clerc further discloses that the heat transfer part for transferring heat generated in said removal part is based on conduction, retention or radiation of the heat (e.g. See col. 3, lines 40-67; col. 4, lines 1-48).

Regarding claim 3, Clerc further discloses that the removal part for trapping and removing particulates in the exhaust gas employs a filter composed of porous material or metal material (e.g. See col. 3, lines 43-67; col. 4, lines 1-64).

Regarding claim 4, Clerc further discloses that the purification part for purifying NOx, HC, CO through contact is a three-way catalyst, firing combustion catalyst, lean NOx catalyst purifying NOx in lean exhaust gas, HC adsorption catalyst, or electric catalyst (e.g. See col. 3, lines 40-67; col. 4, lines 1-48).

Regarding claim 5, Clerc further discloses that the heat transfer part (5a) for transferring heat generated in said removal part conducts (heat transfer) through a good heat conductor (e.g. See col. 3, lines 40-67; col. 4, lines 1-48).

Regarding claim 6, Clerc further discloses that the removal part for trapping and removing particulates in the exhaust gas and said purification part for purifying NOx, HC and CO through contact are provided in a container (2) made of material including good heat conductor, without intervening any heat insulator between an inner wall surface of said container and an outer wall

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surface of said container, and the heat generated in said removal part is transferred to said purification part (e.g. See Figs. 1-2; col. 3, lines 40-67; col. 4, lines 1-48).

Regarding claim 7, Clerc further discloses that the heat transfer part for transferring heat generated in said removal part uses heat accumulating material (e.g. See col. 3, lines 40-67; col. 4, lines 1-48).

Regarding claim 8, Clerc further discloses that the removal part for trapping and removing particulates in the exhaust gas and said purification part for purifying NOx, HC and CO through contact are constructed as an integrated structure in which metal material is used as a substrate (e.g. See col. 3, lines 40-67; col. 4, lines 1-48).

Regarding claim 9, Clerc further discloses that the exhaust gas purification apparatus is arranged so that said purification part is arranged at an upstream side of said exhaust gas purification apparatus and said removal part is arranged at a downstream side thereof (e.g. See col. 3, lines 40-67; col. 4, lines 1-48).

Regarding claim 10, Clerc further discloses that wherein in order to transfer the heat generated in said removal part for removing particulates to said purification part at the upstream side, exhaust gas including combustion heat of particulates is transferred to said purification part at the upstream side (e.g. See col. 3, lines 40-67; col. 4, lines 1-48).

Prior Art

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure and consists of five patents:

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Fukuda et al. (Pat. No. 5822977), Takeshima et al. (Pat. No. 5388406), Kammel (Pat. No.

5121601), Hirota et al. (Pat. No. 5974791), and Kinugasa et al. (Pat. No. 6032461) all discloses an

exhaust gas purification for use with an internal combustion engine.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner

should be directed to Examiner Binh Tran whose telephone number is (571) 272-4865. The

examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Thomas E. Denion, can be reach on (571) 272-4859. The fax phone numbers for the organization

where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9306 for regular communications

and for After Final communications.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

BT

March 18, 2005

Binh Q. Tran

Patent Examiner

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